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FEDERAL COURT OF AUSTRALIA

CHIEF JUSTICE

THE HONOURABLE MICHAEL ERIC JOHN BLACK, AC

JUDGES

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THE HONOURABLE PETER GRAHAM HELY (died, 1 October 2005)

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(resigned, 1 November 2005)

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THE HONOURABLE RICHARD ROSS SINCLAIR TRACEY, RFD

THE HONOURABLE JOHN ERIC MIDDLETON THE HONOURABLE ROBERT JOHN BUCHANAN Address for THE HONOURABLE JUSTICE PETER GRAHAM HELY Given by THE HONOURABLE JUSTICE DYSON HEYDON at St James Church King Street, Sydney Friday, 14 October 2005 We know that the Bar is a career open to talent. Peter Hely certainly showed that. He came to the Bar at the age of 25 with no advantages of birth or wealth or connections. He did come with some solid assets - his own admirable mental and moral equipment, a sound secondary and university education, and, by a stroke of good fortune, the experience of having been articled to Mr WJ Sinclair.

Within a few years of his call in 1969, before he was 30, he had achieved a great reputation as a highly capable junior. By 1981, aged 37, he had taken silk. At once he moved to the centre of the equity/commercial bar.

What brought this speedy success? He worked hard, long and fast both on weekdays and at weekends. On weekdays he habitually came to chambers very early each morning. Usually each day began with a conference or two unrelated to the case being heard later in the day. After the hearing was over two or three more conferences would be held before an evening's work on that day's case began. He often made himself available at short notice for these conferences. The atmosphere in them could be very tense: the clients were usually desperate men in immense difficulties, some near ruin. Each conference tended to involve murky facts and complex bodies of law. Each was conducted under the stresses caused by the case of the day and the need for constant changes of mental gear. Yet he was always punctual, always prepared, always able to remember the detail of what he had been told and had advised at earlier conferences. He resisted all temptations or urgings to hold out false cheer or flattery. His stock in trade was precise and crisp realism. Written opinions were delivered quickly and expressed trenchantly.

While in court he was aided by an excellent general knowledge of every field of law he practised in, but before each case he would again examine the law carefully. He would write down a list of all the legal propositions likely to come up, favourable or not. Each of the favourable ones would be supported by one compelling authority - not so that it could be thrust on the court, but in case the court asked for it. Each unfavourable proposition would be assigned an authority persuasively explaining its limitations. He also wrote down a list of facts which would have to be proved if the favourable legal propositions were to be triggered or the unfavourable ones deflected. He noted how these facts were to be proved from his own witnesses and documents. He thus worked out what he would have to establish by cross-examination of the other side's witnesses. He would also assemble and master a small bundle of key documents from the mass usually dumped onto his desk. By these simple methods he created a blueprint for the case. In court he only took notes when some significant piece of evidence was given. Later the transcript reference to that evidence would be fitted into the blueprint or the blueprint modified to accommodate the evidence. His skill was usually vindicated by events: few authorities or documents or evidence references were needed beyond those he assembled in these ways.

He planned the tactics to be employed in the courtroom with great care. The plans of barristers, of course, tend not to survive contact with the opponent and the judge any more than the plans of generals survive contact with the enemy. But his plans usually needed little modification, no matter what forensic vicissitudes took place. He had an unsurpassed capacity to elicit evidence in chief clearly and without surplusage, and to extract evidence from the most unpromising witnesses by shrewd cross-examination. With him there were no wasted words, no false starts, no rejected questions. His addresses of all kinds were concise but forceful. He became involved in long cases, but their excessive length was not his doing. He worked very closely with his juniors. He was courteous and loyal and grateful to them - as to his staff. But, whether or not he actually needed help from juniors, he expected it, and was disappointed if it was not given.

Under the intense pressures of this existence, he rarely cracked. In court he was calm, imperturbable, impassive, dignified, unflurried. He never blustered or exaggerated. The closest he would come to passion would be when an unsatisfactory witness stirred him to an urbane ferocity, or when a professional opponent, slow or shifty about making a just concession, suddenly received a sharp and aggressive bite.

His genius for the solution of legal problems lay in identifying and simplifying the issues, marshalling the relevant factual and legal materials, and analysing those materials imaginatively, lucidly and precisely. In him those qualities were as fully developed as they were in the late John Lehane. To say that is high praise, but not false praise.

He had immense style. That style did not lie in flamboyant flourishes or glittering phrases or suave insinuations or melodramatic oratory. He was never blatant or triumphalist. Although in private he was witty, and although he responded to comedy in court while trying to suppress mirth, he himself rarely strove for epigrammatic or humorous effect. His style was classical, in the sense that everything he did was precisely and economically adjusted to the necessities of the occasion. He never struck a false note. He achieved an effect of sinewy elegance, of supple grace, of serene clarity, of simple beauty. Yeats would have said of him that he had:

... a mind That nobleness made simple as a fire, With beauty like a tightened bow, a kind That is not natural in an age like this, Being high and solitary and most stern ...

By these means, in the decade between the late 1980s and his appointment to the bench in the late 1990s he became the leading equity/commercial practitioner in Australia. Indeed he had high claims to being considered the leading Australian barrister of his generation.

When he laid down the mantle of an advocate and donned the robe of a judge, only one thing changed. Zeal for a client went; impartiality as between the litigants replaced it. He was old fashioned in approach. Evidentiary objections were ruled on at once; no argument was invited, no reasons were given. He treated the most incoherent and vulnerable of unrepresented claimants for refugee status as carefully and fairly as he treated well represented litigants of great wealth or power. If he reserved, he reserved only briefly. Losers who appealed from his orders were almost always sent empty away. He quickly came to occupy a position among the judiciary approaching that which he had achieved at the Bar.

What, then, were the keys to Peter Hely? Conscience. Rectitude. Sincerity. Honour. He lent himself to nothing shabby or shoddy or meretricious or conformist or selfish. There was a reckless magnificence in the way he sacrificed his interests to the claims of professional duty and then judicial duty. He never skimped a job.

To many lawyers, he was as a craftsman and as a man, an exemplar of high virtue - to be pondered, to be admired, if possible to be emulated. Over the last

melancholy fortnight, they could have applied to him the words Walter Scott wrote on the death of Pitt the Younger:

Now is the stately column broke, The beacon-light is quenched in smoke, The trumpet's silver sound is still, The warder silent on the hill.

If lawyers can be great, he was great. He was a giant - a mighty man, a man of renown.

His departure is a national tragedy - for the early loss of a great judge is a terrible national loss. Much greater is the personal loss - to all his friends, but most grievously to his beloved family. To them goes our deepest sympathy.